

IMPORTS

To simplify and speed up the import registration process I have outlined below the necessary paperwork required.

Please note the laboratories now require DNA profiles to be sent in excel format (.xls) to enable an electronic upload of the profile to their database without manual intervention, thus preventing the risk of human error.

ALL CATTLE

It is recommended that all cattle are tested free from bluetongue prior to importation and confirmation of the negative test result sent to the Society.

Failure to produce this documentation will delay the process with the Society instead requiring a copy of the DEFRA Revocation of Notice Prohibiting the Movement of Specific Animals (MR04).

In accordance with the EU Zootechnical Regulations 2016, the Society will maintain an accurate record of Salers animals and genetic material (semen, embryos, oocytes) born in or imported to the UK (the Herdbook).

This comprises a Main Herd Register containing two Classes, Full Blood and Purebred.

N.B. imported animals can only be entered into the class equivalent to the class that they have been registered in within their own Country.

FEMALES

Imported females must have:

- a three-generation pedigree export certificate issued by the Society of the country of origin;
- confirmation of their non-carrier status for betamannosidosis (BetaM); and,
- confirmation of their M0 myostatin status for all nine mutations via a DNA test.

N.B. Status by parentage for betamannosidosis (BetaM) and myostatin is specifically not accepted.

MALES

Imported males must have:

- a three-generation pedigree export certificate issued by the Society of the country of origin;
- a DNA profile sent to the Society in excel format (.xls);
- confirmation of their non-carrier status for betamannosidosis (BetaM); and,
- confirmation of their M0 myostatin status for all nine mutations via a DNA test.

N.B. Status by parentage for betamannosidosis (BetaM) and myostatin is specifically not accepted.



Photo credit: Bacardi / MacGregor Photography



Photo credit: Mickleton Mill

PREGNANT FEMALES

Pregnant imported cattle must have:

- a three-generation pedigree export certificate issued by the Society of the country of origin;
- confirmation of their non-carrier status for betamannosidosis (BetaM);
- confirmation of their M0 myostatin status for all nine mutations via a DNA test;
- a three-generation pedigree certificate issued by the Society of the country of origin for **the sire of the in-vitro calf**.
- the sire's DNA profile in excel format (.xls);
- confirmation of the sire's noncarrier status for betamannosidosis (BetaM); and,
- confirmation of the sire's M0 myostatin status for all nine mutations via a DNA test.

The same principles apply to imported semen, and oocytes.

As requirements of importation can change, please check with the Secretary's office to confirm what is required before you start the importation procedure.